

FAD - Fathers Against Discrimination a.s.b.l.
"Both Parents for All Children™"
29, Boulevard Prince Henri
L-1724 Luxembourg
Luxembourg

17 April 2020 Luxembourg

Commission consultative des Droits de l'Homme du Grand-Duché de Luxembourg President Mr. Gilbert PREGNO 71-73, rue Adolphe Fischer L-1520 Luxembourg Luxembourg

Dear Mr. PREGNO,

My name is Patryk P. RYBIŃSKI and I am the President of FAD - Fathers Against Discrimination a.s.b.l., a non-profit organization based in Luxembourg. You can find more information about our association on our website - www.FAD.lu.

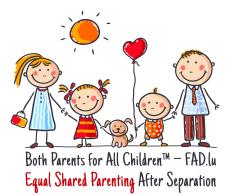
I have corresponded with you last year but have not received reply. As explained in my previous letter our organization has been created to become a platform of dialog to promote gender equality of chance for both parents, to raise awareness of gender inequality and parental discrimination of fathers in Luxembourg institutions but most importantly to stop violation of children's rights in Luxembourg courts during custody proceedings and to assure their well-being.

As an association we believe a child should never be deprived of his natural human right to family life and equal access to both parents. Nor does anyone have the right to decide which of his parents' love has more value.

Considering the above we seek equal treatment of both parents during custody hearings in Luxembourg family courts. We support the rights of fathers and mothers to equal parenthood and



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successful professional career. We address the importance of family values promoting the positive impact a full and healthy family has on the upbringing of children.

We understand that on 15 April 2020, the Government Council set up an ad hoc group to accompany the measures decided as part of the fight against the virus and to assess on a regular basis the side effects of these measures and the confinement. According to the press release you are one of the members of the group which in addition consists of the following individuals mentioned below:

- Nora Back President of the Chamber of Employees
- Alexa Ballmann President of the JHL (Jonk Handwierk)
- Luc Frieden President of the Chamber of Commerce
- Erny Gillen Expert in ethics
- Claudia Monti Ombudsman of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg
- Gilbert Pregno Psychologist and President of the Human Rights Consultative Commission
- René Schlechter President of the Ombuds Committee for the Rights of the Child (ORK)
- Prof. Claus Vögele Professor of health psychology at the University of Luxembourg

The Government Council also fixed specific guidelines for a deconfinement strategy balanced between public health imperatives and the psycho-social and economic aspects of the current confinement.

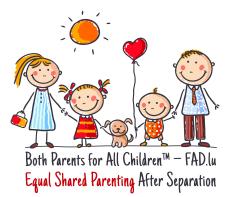
Considering the above, the position you hold and your experience as a psychologist we would like to inform you of one of the most recent events that have taken place in Luxembourg.

A Decree (Règlement grand-ducal) adopted on 18 March 2020 established restrictive measures as part of the action against the coronavirus pandemic (Mémorial A165). On 20 March 2020 a new Règlement grand-ducal was adopted amending the Règlement grand-ducal of 18 March. The new Règlement grand-ducal explicitly allows circulation in order to fulfil legal obligations relating to children custody, visitation rights and alternate residence (résidences alternées) as those rights have been established by virtue of agreement between the parties (parents) or by Court judgment

Despite the above starting the weekend of March 20-22, 2020, FAD - Fathers Against Discrimination a.s.b.l. has begun receiving reports of separated parents in Luxembourg according to which the other parent denied them the exercise of their rights using COVID-19 as pretext.

As explained previously a copy of a letter from a Luxembourg judge sent to members of the Luxembourg Bar has been used by some parents and their lawyers to violate Luxembourg court decisions.





Keeping in mind the challenges Luxembourg is currently facing as a country and the difficult times we all have already gone through, individually and as families, an attempt of any Judge like the one quoted below sent as a collective message to family lawyers in Luxembourg is to be considered as a highly inappropriate overstepping. Suggestions and personal interpretations included in the correspondence seem to justify illegal acts of withholding children custody in a way that runs counter Court judgments using the state of emergency as pretext. We know that such acts have already taken place and we are continuously contacted by fathers who in some case have not seen with their children for over a month.

The letter not only ignores the provisions of the Règlement grand-ducal of 20 March, according to which circulation is explicitly allowed for the purposes of fulfilling legal obligations relating to children custody as these obligations arise from agreements or Court judgments. The letter also suggests to deny children their rights for family life in these difficult times and access to the other parent until the things "return to normality". This in practical terms on March 20th, 2020 when the letter was sent could mean for indefinite time as we simply did not know how long the lockdown could have last.

A reckless approach on behalf of the judge that has already caused illegal acts failing to adhere to Luxembourg court decisions, additional stress, conflict and traumatic experience inflicted on children in the already confusing and difficult times. Unfortunately, this procedure still continues to take place in Luxembourg.

Someone can argue that the letter is just an opinion but it is not just an opinion. The role of judge is well-defined. Judges are to speak via the tools given to them to exercise their competences. An "opinion" presented by a judge to lawyers in a form of an official letter is to be considered as guidance. Guidance that reflects a severe violation of judicial impartiality and professional oath taken by the judge. Guidance that many lawyers with whom we have been in contacted with have considered confusing especially since it contradicted Règlement grand-ducal, the most important form of legal instrument issued by the Head of State and The Grand Duke of Luxembourg specifically for the reason of clarification that Luxembourg despite of difficult times remains the state of Law.

Furthermore, considering that in Luxembourg following separation of parents over 90% "primary" custodies with registered address of children are assigned to mothers, the opinion included in the letter is a clear sign of gender bias. The approach that continuously denies equal treatment of fathers during custody hearings in Luxembourg Courts but most importantly violates number of international legal instruments including the European Convention on Human Rights and United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (UNCRC). The convention adopted in 1989 with Luxembourg ratifying it in 1993. The Convention which 30th Anniversary was proudly celebrated by Luxembourg officials on 20 November 2019.



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The quoted content of the letter (in French) sent by the judge to Luxembourg family lawyers:

« Eu égard aux nombreuses demandes de prise de position qui me sont présentées je me permets de vous adresser mon opinion personnelle relative aux enfants de parents vivant sépares.

- 1. Il me semble impérieux de limiter les déplacements, il est totalement contre-productif de maintenir le droit de visites répétitifs convenus ou judiciairement décides.
- 2. Les visites en lieu public ou en présence d'un tiers son par la force de choses suspendues.
- 3. Il est impérieux pour les parents de faire de l'auto-inspection sur la santé psychique de leur enfant et sure leurs disponibilités pour les garder personnellement : on n'est pas un mauvais parent si on admet que l'autre parent est la première de référence d'un enfant, respectivement plus a même de sécuriser l'enfant.

Je pense il faut préconiser aux parties de trouver la solution la plus adaptée pour leur(s) enfant(s) tout en veillant à minimiser les passages de bras au courant de 4 semaines à venir : 4 semaines chez un parent avec de nombreux contacts Facetime, 2 x 2 semaines, 2 + 1 + 1 semaines me semblent le plus adaptes.

Dans ce contexte, je tiens à préciser que garder un enfant dans le contexte actuel est loin d'être chose facile !

Si les parties ne trouvent pas une solution, l'enfant doit selon moi être remis au parent auprès duquel se trouve la résidence habituelle, le second parent étant dédommage une fois que nous aurons tous retrouve la normalité. Par ailleurs, les contact Facetime ou similaire sont impérieux.

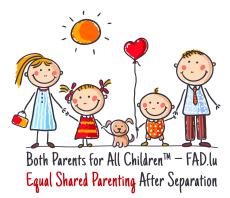
Pour ce qui est de la résidence alternée, elle est à exercer par deux blocks de deux semaines.

Je soumets toutes mes réserves pour le remises transfrontalières, le retour de l'enfant n'étant pas garanti, spécialement pour ce qui est de la frontière française. Pour l'Allemagne la question de l'exercice d'un droit de visite ne se pose pas.

Je vous prie de bien vouloir procéder à la distribution de cet avis, qui, bien-sûr, se limite à être un avis.

Bonne santé à vous tous et aux personnes qui vous sont chères. «





In the name of Luxembourg families and Luxembourg children we are asking for your intervention. We are asking that appropriate measures are taken putting a stop to these unlawful practices and violations of Luxembourg laws. We are asking for disciplinary actions that are to be taken protecting the well-functioning of the judicial system and the state of law assuring that such misconduct will not happen again.

Most respectfully,

Board Members of the Association and Members FAD - Fathers Against Discrimination a.s.b.l.



"Mir wëlle bleiwe wat mir sinn an mir kënnen e Beispill fir den Rescht vun Europa sinn." -

- "We want to remain what we are and we can be an example for the rest of Europe."

